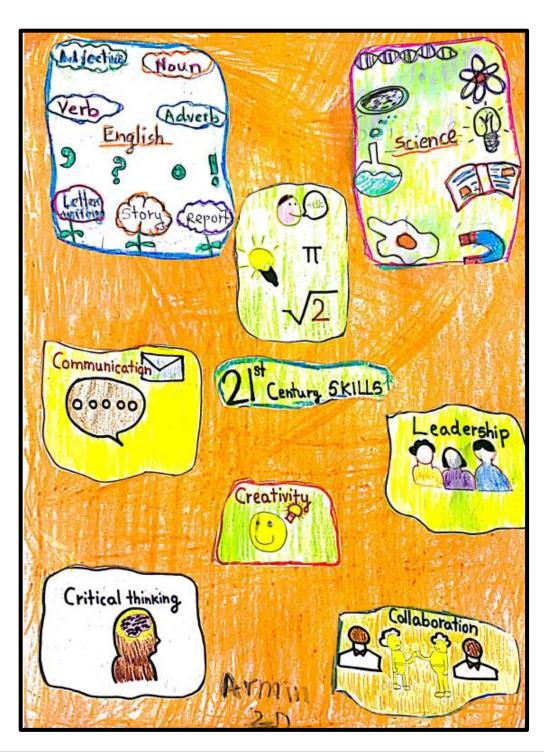


# **Curriculum Booklet: 2022-23**

Year- 2



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### **\*** Introduction

This booklet is designed to summarise the syllabus content of subjects planned for Year 2 at The Winchester School. The content of the curriculum will be paced at the appropriate rate and therefore may vary from term to term, for a particular child or group.

Year 2 is the last year in Key Stage 1 of the National Curriculum. At this level, most of your child's subjects will be taught by the class teacher with only a certain number of subjects being taught by specialist teachers.

\*\*Our aim is to provide a broad curriculum from which the children will successfully progress to the next phase in their education. The school follows the British National Curriculum which can be viewed at <a href="https://www.standards.dfes.gov.uk">www.standards.dfes.gov.uk</a>

\*Year 2 therefore, is the preparation for the move into Key Stage 2, building on the skills and knowledge children have acquired in previous years.

\*Children are assessed continuously throughout the year (formative assessment) and a report for the same is shared at the end of each term.

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3
Assessment	Ongoing formative	Ongoing formative	Ongoing formative
Structure	assessments online	assessments online	assessments online using
	using online platform	using online platform	online platform which will
•	which will be	which will be	be consolidated and
	consolidated and	consolidated and	recorded.
	recorded.	recorded.	No summative evaluation.
•	No summative	No summative	
	evaluation.	evaluation.	
Recording	Recording will be done	Recording will be done	Recording will be done
	twice, once in Oct as	once at the end of	once at the end of the year
	baseline and at the end	Term 2 in March.	in June using online
	of term in December.		platform.
Reporting	Reported at the end of	Reported at the end of	Reported at the end of
	Term 1.	Term 2.	year.
	Attainment will be	Attainment will be	Attainment will be
	reported in the reports	reported in the reports	reported in the reports as
	as Grades A*-E for all		Grades A*-E for all
	subjects. Arabic,	subjects. Arabic,	subjects. Arabic, Islamic
	Islamic education,	Islamic education,	
	PSHCEE, UAE social	PSHCEE, UAE social	
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studies are reported in studies are reported in marks 1-100

social studies are reported in marks 1-100

### \*Expectations in Year 2

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Children are encouraged at all times at The Winchester School to be diligent and hard working. The expectations from our staff are high and we try to instill, in the children, a sense of pride and achievement in everything they do. We put emphasis on the presentation of the children's work. We encourage and teach independence and organizational skills. There is ample opportunity for the children's efforts and achievements to be recognised and celebrated through our awards and certificates, as well as our many concerts performances and assemblies.

Reading is very important in Year 2; children are expected to read daily. Children will be given books from the reading series (Oxford Reading Tree) as well as other books which, we hope, will foster a love of reading as an enjoyable and worthwhile experience, as well as a tool for independent access to a wide range of subjects. The school issues lpha reading books to children throughout the year and supports them in their own choice **\*** of literature.

\*You will receive three summative reports on your child's progress during the year, and lpha will have the opportunity to meet the teachers three times a year. Do not hesitate to lpha\*contact your child's class teacher should you have anything further to discuss. We \* recommend an appointment be made so that quality time can be given to you

> The following activities/programmes will take place over the school year. You will be informed of the same closer to the dates on which it will take place.

- Assembly
- **Class Field Trips**
- **Sports Day**
- **Literacy Week**
- **Numeracy Week**
- **Events incorporating GEMS core values**

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Class Assembly

### \* English

English has a pre-eminent place in education and in society. A high-quality education in English will teach pupils to speak and write fluently so that they can communicate their ideas and emotions to others and through their reading and listening, others can communicate with them. Through reading in particular, pupils have a chance to develop culturally, emotionally, intellectually, socially and spiritually. Literature, especially, plays a key role in such development. Reading also enables pupils both to acquire knowledge and to build on what they already know. All the skills of language are essential to participating fully as a member of society; pupils, therefore, who do not learn to speak, read and write fluently and confidently are effectively disenfranchised.

### **Curriculum Expectations**

### **Reading:**

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The programmes of study for reading at Year 2 consists of two dimensions:

- word reading
- comprehension (both listening and reading).

### Reading - word reading:

Pupils will be taught to:

- continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent
- read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes
- read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same graphemes as above
- read words containing common suffixes
- read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word
- read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending,
   when they have been frequently encountered
- read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation
- re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading

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### Reading – comprehension:

Pupils will be taught to develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by:

- listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently
- discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related
- becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories,
   fairy stories and traditional tales
- being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways
- recognizing simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry
- discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary
- discussing their favourite words and phrases
- continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear
- understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher
- checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading
- making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done
- answering and asking questions
- predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far
- participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say
- explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material,
   both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves.

### Writing

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The programmes of study for writing at Year 2 is constructed similarly to those for reading:

transcription (spelling and handwriting)

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• composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech and writing). It is essential that teaching develops pupils' competence in these two dimensions. In addition, pupils will be taught how to plan, revise and evaluate their writing. These aspects of writing have been incorporated into the programmes of study for composition.

### Writing - Transcription:

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Spelling - Pupils will be taught to spell by:

- segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many correctly
- learning new ways of spelling phonemes for which one or more spellings are already known, and learn some words with each spelling, including a few common homophones
- add suffixes to spell longer words, including -ment, -ness, -ful, -less, -ly

### **Handwriting -** Pupils will be taught to:

- form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another
- start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjointed
- write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower case letters
- use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters.

### Writing - Composition:

Pupils will be taught to develop positive attitudes towards and stamina for writing by:

- writing narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional)
- writing about real events
- writing poetry
- writing for different purposes
- consider what they are going to write before beginning by planning or saying out loud what they are going to write about
- writing down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary
- encapsulating what they want to say, sentence by sentence
- make simple additions, revisions and corrections to their own writing by evaluating their writing with the teacher and other pupils

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 re-reading to check that their writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and consistently, including verbs in the continuous form

- proof-reading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation [for example, ends of sentences are punctuated correctly]
- read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear.

### Writing - Spelling, vocabulary, grammar and punctuation:

The two statutory appendices — on spelling and on vocabulary, grammar and punctuation; give an overview of the specific features that should be included in teaching the programmes of study.

Pupils will be taught to develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by:

- learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly (see English Appendix 2), including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms and the possessive (singular)
- learn how to use sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command
- expanded noun phrases to describe and specify [for example, the blue butterfly]
- the present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form
- subordination (using when, if, that or because) and co-ordination (using or, and or but)
- some features of written Standard English use and understand the grammatical \*\*
   terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing.

### **Speaking and Listening:**

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Pupils will be taught to:

- listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers
- ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge
- use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary
- articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions
- give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different

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purposes, including for expressing feelings

- maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments
- use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas
- speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English
- participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s)
- consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others
- select and use appropriate registers for effective communication

# \*\*\*\*\*\* <u>Term 1:</u>

\*\*\*

### Reading:

- Texts from Collins Comprehension
- Texts from Collins Anthology.



### Writing:

Writing Tasks: independent (free) and reading based composition

- **Traditional tales**
- Writing instructions
- Poems, synonyms and patterned language
- Diary recount

### **Listening Comprehension:**

Fortnightly listening comprehension practices.

### Speaking:

- Assessed and developed continuously through class discussions and \*\* activities.
- For spelling, vocabulary, grammar and punctuation, kindly refer to the appendices 1 and 2.
- Appendix 1 Spelling: Spelling Appendix 0
- Appendix 2 Vocabulary, grammar, punctuation and glossary: Appendix 2-Vocabulary, grammar and punctuation

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### \* Term 2:

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### Reading:

- Texts from Collins Comprehension
- Texts from Collins Anthology.



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### Writing:

Writing Tasks: independent (free) and reading based composition

- **Explanation texts**
- Poems-word play -Humorous poems
- **Modern Fiction**
- Informal letter

### <u>Listening Comprehension:</u>

Fortnightly listening comprehension practices.

### Speaking:

- Assessed and developed continuously through class discussions and \*\* activities.
- For spelling, vocabulary, grammar and punctuation, kindly refer to the appendices 1 and 2.
- Appendix 1 Spelling: Spelling Appendix
- Appendix 2 - Vocabulary, grammar, punctuation and glossary: Appendix 2-Vocabulary, grammar and punctuation

### Reading:

- Texts from Collins Comprehension
- Texts from Collins Anthology.
- Novel: Mr. Popper's Penguins

### Writing:

Writing Tasks: independent (free) and reading based composition

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- Non-chronological reports
- Information text

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\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 米 \* **Listening Comprehension:** Speaking: activities. For spelling, vocabulary, grammar and punctuation, kindly refer to the appendices 1 and 2. Appendix 1 – Spelling: Spelling Appendix O Appendix 2 - Vocabulary, grammar, punctuation and glossary: Appendix 2-Vocabulary, grammar and punctuation \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

### **Mathematics**

Mathematics curriculum planning is based on the updated National Curriculum 2014. The schemes have been adapted to the local environments. We plan our lessons so that they build upon prior learning.

\*In Year 2 students will have access to the following programs of study laid down by the National Curriculum.

The strands are as follows:

- Number Number & Place Value
- Number Addition & Subtraction
- ※ Number Multiplication & Division
- 💥 📱 Number Fractions
- Measurement Time, Length, Weight, Capacity, Money
- Geometry Properties of Shape
- Geometry Position & Direction
- Statistics

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\*In each term concepts from each strand listed above are taught and these become more complex and provide more challenge over the 3 terms. The skills listed below is an overview of the full academic year.

### \* Number - Number & Place Value

- count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number
- count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fivesand tens
- given a number, identify one more and one less
- identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including
   the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer),
   most, least

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words.

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### Number-Addition & Subtraction/Multiplication & Division

- read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equal (=) signs
- represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20
- \*. add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero
  - solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems.
- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher
  - Solve problems involving counting, adding, subtracting, doubling or halving in the context of numbers, measures or money; recognise the value of coins.

### **Number- Fractions**

- recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity
- recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.

### **Measurement**

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- compare, describe and solve practical problems for:
  - o lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half]
  - o mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]
  - o capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter]
  - o time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later]
- measure and begin to record the following:
  - lengths and heights
  - mass/weight
  - capacity
  - o time (hours, minutes, seconds)
  - recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes
- sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after,

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- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 米
  - next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening]
  - recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years
  - tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.

### **\*\*** Geometry-Properties of Shape

- ※. recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: 米
  - 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles]
  - o 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres].

### **\*** Geometry-Position & Direction

Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-米 quarter turns.

### Statistics

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- Sorting a given set of objects based on one criterion into a table
- To record information in a block graph and pictogram and interpret it.

### <u>**\*** ★ Term 1:</u>

- **Numbers:** 
  - Place Value- Number Names/T&U/Partition
  - Place Value- Counting, comparing, order numbers
  - Addition and Subtraction-2 digit (without regrouping) & Word Problems

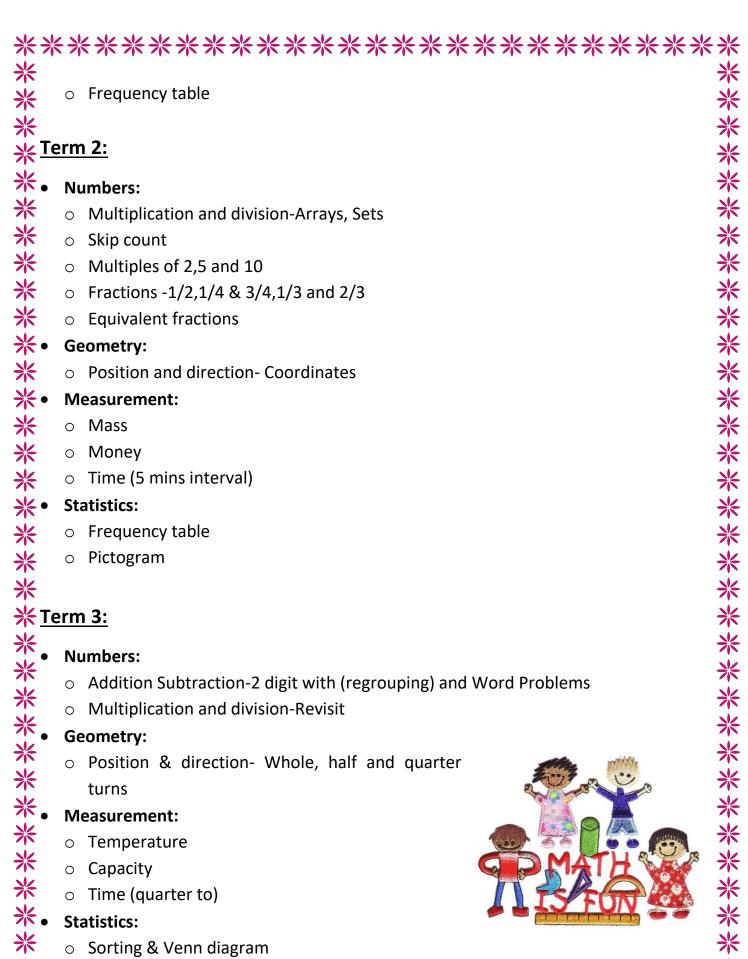
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- \*\*\*\*\*\*\* **Geometry:** 
  - 2D shapes
  - 3D shapes
  - Symmetry
  - **Measurement:** 
    - Length
    - Time (Half past, quarter past)
- **Statistics:** 
  - Sorting
  - Block graph

Colour	Number of Smarties	Frequency
Green	0001	7
Orange		8
Blue	001	5
Pink		6
Yellow	000001	11
Red		8
Purple	0001	7
Brown	0 (	3
	Key 🌑 = 2 smarties	

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Multiplication and division-Revisit

### **Geometry:**

o Position & direction- Whole, half and quarter turns

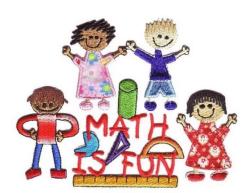
### **Measurement:**

- o Temperature
- Capacity
- Time (quarter to)

### **Statistics:**

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Sorting & Venn diagram



\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* Science Term1: **\*** Characteristics of Living and Non-Living things 米 Explain the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have 米 never been alive. never been alive.
Evaluate things around us on the basis of the 7Recognize the differences between the grow animals based on life processes.
Living Things and their habitat: Micro-Habitat Evaluate things around us on the basis of the 7-life processes. Recognize the differences between the growth and movement in plants and \*\*\*\*\* Explore different type of microhabitats and its components. Explain briefly how minibeasts are important to us. Suggest how an animal or plant will be able to survive in a given microhabitat by analyzing their adaptations. Living Things and their habitat: Habitat • Explore different habitats and describe the adaptation of living things in each \*\*\* habitat. • Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the \*\* idea of a simple food chain; identify and name different sources of food. Describe how living things adapt in a Desert habitat. • Explain how living things adapt in a Polar Habitat. Explore different types of Aquatic Habitat. Explore how plants adapt to a Rainforest Habitat. <u>**※ Term 2:**</u> \*\* Sounds • Investigate and describe the different sounds that we hear. Investigate how hearing changes with different types of ears. Investigate how sound changes with the change in distance from the source. Classify musical instruments on the basis of the sounds that they make.

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### **Materials**

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- Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses.
  - Describe how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.

### **Mixtures**

- Differentiate between Mixtures and Pure Substance.
- Describe different methods of separating mixtures.
- Investigate if all materials can dissolve in water.
- Investigate how to separate a mixture of an insoluble solid and a liquid.

- Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants.
- Investigate and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.

- \*\* Plants

  \*\* Observe and \*\* Investigate to grow and \*\*

  \*\* Scientific Skills

  \*\* Ask simple including us \*\*

  \*\* Use simple \*\*

  \*\* Perform sin \*\*

  \*\* Use their similarities, \*\*

  \*\* Gather and sources of i \*\*

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  \*\* Ask simple questions and recognize that they can be answered in different ways including use of scientific language from the National Curriculum.
  - Use simple equipment to observe closely including changes over time.
  - Perform simple comparative tests.
  - Use their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions noticing similarities, differences and patterns.
  - Gather and record data to help in answering questions including from secondary sources of information.

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\* Humanities (History and Geography)

### <u>Term 1:</u>

**\*** History

**\*\*** Events beyond living memory that are significant

nationally or globally -

\* The Great Fire of London

London past and present

Life in the 17<sup>th</sup> century



### **\*** Geography

### Geographical skills and fieldwork

- Mapping it out
- Routing around
- Devise a simple map and use and construct basic symbols in a key.
- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West); locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map.
  - Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognize landmarks and basic human and physical features.
  - Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.



### <u>₩ Term 2:</u>

### Geography

### **Locational knowledge**

- Welcome to the United Kingdom
- Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas.

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### Human and Physical Geography

- Let's explore the United Kingdom
- Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key physical features and key human
   features.

### \* Geographical skills and fieldwork

- Atlas Skills The United Kingdom
- Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage
- Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognize landmarks and basic human and physical features.

### History

### \* Events beyond living memory that are

### significant nationally or globally -

- The events of the Great Fire.
- How do we know about the Great Fire?



### <u> \*\* Term 3:</u>

### History

### Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally -

- What happened after the Great Fire?
- What have we learned about the Great Fire?

### Geography

### **Geographical skills**

- Atlas skills The World
- Viewing from above
- Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage.

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- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*
- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map
  - Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognize landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key

### Place knowledge

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

- How is Dubai different from London?
- Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country in the context of comparing Dubai with London.

### \*Human and physical geography

※. Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Arab Emirates and the \*\* \*\* **United Kingdom** 

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\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 米 **WAE Social Studies** Term 1: Student book Grade 1 Volume 1 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* **#** History \*\*\*\*\*\* Living in Social Groups My Family My School Living in a Community The UAE Culture UAE Heritage & Traditions Part 1 UAE Heritage & Traditions - Part 2 Term Project – UAE Heritage Village **Term 2:** Student book Grade 1 Volume 2 **\***Geography \*\*\*\*\* The United Arab Emirates - Part 1 The United Arab Emirates - Part 2 Stories from the Past Grandad's Photo Album Friendships - Part 1 Friendships - Part 2 Term 3: Student book Grade 1 Volume 3 \* Economics and National Education \*\*\*\*\*\*\* The Seven Emirates Islam and the UAE UAE Culture Museums in the UAE Money in the UAE Bagala, Sougs, Markets and Malls UAE Emergency Services Job Fair \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

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### \* Arabic

### Arabic for Arabs

### 米 <u>Term 1:</u>

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- قصة مسعودة السلحفاة
- النص المعلوماتي السلحفاة
- كتابة فقرة
- نشيد التفاح
- قصة تكشيرة
- نص معلوماتي الضحك
- الفعل الماضي والمضارع
- التنوين
- قصة بيت وسط العاصفة
- نص معلوماتي العواصف
- حروف العطف •
- كتابة فقرة •
- نشید مطر

### \*\* Term 2:

- قصة خويلد والبطاطا
- نص معلوماتي هل تعرفني
- نشيد اسأل اسأل
- قصة بلا قبعة
- النص المعلوماتي دعوة لتفكير خارج الصندوق
- التاء المربوطة والتاء المفتوحة ظرف الزمان والمكان
- قصة خالد والعصفور
- نص معلوماتي عالم الطيران
- نشيد الطفل والعصفور
- كتابة بطاقة تهنئة
- أدوات الاستفهام •

## \*\*\*\*\* <u>\* Term 3:</u>

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قصة ملك الحكايات



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- النص المعلوماتي متعة الكراسي الموسيقية
- قصة مثلث ودائرة

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- النص المعلوماتي الدرس الأول •
- -أسلوب النهى •
- كتابة جمل إرشادية
- علمتني نملة نشيد
- النحل استماع •
- قصة المخلوقات الفضائية تحب الملوخية
- نشيد سفينة الفضاء
- مطابقة الخبر للمبتدأ
- الاستماع حذاء العيد
- قصة الدجاج لايرى في الظلام
- النص المعلوماتي الحواس الخمسة
- النشيد الحواس الخمسة
- الاستماع اتبع قلبك •



### Arabic for Non – Arabs

### <u>Term 1:</u>

- Body parts (أجزاء الجسم )
- In the UAE (في الإمارات )
- The school (المدرسة )

### **※ ※** Term 2:

- The family ( الأسرة )
- The zoo (حديقة الحيوان )
- The house (البيت )

### **Term 3:**

- Shopping (التسوق )
- Healthy food (الطعام الصحى)







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### \* Islamic

Islamic for Arabs

### <u>Term 1:</u>

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- الله اللطيف الخبير
- آية الكرسي
- سورة العصر
- الإيمان بالرسل عليهم السلام
- أحب الخير
- الطهارة ونواقض الوضوء
- \*\*\*\*\*\*\* سورة الشرح
  - الرسول صلى الله عليه وسلم يحب العمل
  - حسن الوضوء
    - على بن أبي طالب

### Term 2:

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- أنا أصلى
- فضل الصلاة
- الصادق الامين
- الأمانة ٥
- سورة القدر
- فضل تلاوة القرآن الكريم
- آداب الطعام
- خير الأعمال في الإسلام
- على بن ابى طالب

### **Term** 3: \*\*\*

- من أخلاق الرسول
- السيدة فاطمة
- فضل الصلاة على النبي
- أحب جيراني
- الخالق القدير
- من أخلاق النبي
- سورة الشمس
- احترام الآخرين



أحب الخير لكل الناس

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- نعمة النبات
- بيدك الخير •
- كل أمتي يدخلون الجنة

### ★ Islamic for Non-Arabs

### \* Term1:

- Surat Al Asr
- Allah the most kind, the all- aware
- Belief in messengers
- Surat ul Kafirun
- I love good thing for my brother
- Purity and nullifiers of ablution
- Performing good ablution

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- Surat al Sharh
- I pray 1
- Muhammad, the truthful, the honest
- Honesty
- I pray 2
- The best acts in Islam

### **※**Term3:

- Surat ul Qadr
- The dining etiquettes
- Fatimah may Allah be pleased with
- Allah the Almighty creator
- Surat at- Takathur
- Respect for others
- I love my neighbours







### Information Communication Technology (ICT)

### Term 1:

**Create, store, organise and retrieve digital content** - to create a structure 米 using Paint 3D/ Tux paint that utilizes shapes and other features in its construction.



Use technology to create, store, organise and retrieve digital content to create documents or posters using MS Word using various fonts and effective layouts.



\*\*\*\*\*\* **Digital Literacy** - use technology to: create, store, organise and retrieve digital content. To understand how we can be a good digital citizen.

Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs - to plan simple program and give instructions to sprites for movement and animation using Scratch.

### Term 2:

Algorithms - To understand what algorithms are, how they are implemented as program on digital devices and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions using scratch coding etc.



**Presentation Authoring** - To be able to create a presentation with animations and transition effects using MS Power point.



- **Computing** Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of 米 simple programs. To design, write and debug simple programs that accomplish specific goals.
- **Digital Literacy** Use technology to create, store, organise and retrieve digital content. To understand what information is ok to have in your digital footprint. To identify who is in your online community.

### <u>₩ Term 3:</u>

To use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content for example stories or scenes using comic strips.



- To write and edit text for conversation and storytelling using 'storyboardthat'.
- **Digital Literacy**: To use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private, identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or internet threats.
  - To be safe by creating a powerful password or by giving credit to other's work.

### **\*** Moral Education

### Term 1:

\* Pillar – Character and Morality

Unit – CM1 - Fairness, Affection

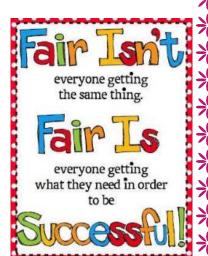
### **\*** Unit Description

\*This unit introduces students to vocabulary related to feelings, which will provide a  $\divideontimes$  foundation for other Character and morality and the individual and the community units.  $\divideontimes$ 

### **\*** Learning outcomes

\* Students will be able to do the following by the end of this unit

- 米 Give a simple explanation of what is meant by fairness and unfairness
  - Recognise a fair and an unfair situation
  - Suggest how to make an unfair situation fair
  - Recognise that an apology is required if they have acted unfairly
- \*\*\*\*\* Know that affection can be given and received in different ways
  - Talk about themselves in positive terms



\* Pillar – The Individual and the Community

Unit – IC1 – Me and my family

### **\***Unit Description

st This unit explores feelings in the context of the child as an individual, developing self-st $\divideontimes$  awareness and helping students to understand their feelings, whether positive or  $\divideontimes$ \* negative, with a focus on worry and anxiety. It aims to equip students with the vocabulary \* to express their feelings and an understanding of what can cause certain feelings.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

### Learning outcomes

\* Students will be able to do the following by the end of \* this unit:

Use an expanded vocabulary to describe and express their feelings, recognising whether a feeling is positive or negative and knowing what can cause certain feelings, particularly worry and anxiety



- Talk about the things they are good at and those things they find more difficult, knowing that different people have different strengths and weaknesses, but that there are instances when they should try to improve
- Explain what they like and dislike, giving reasons for their preferences and acknowledging that they can learn to like things and that not everyone likes the same things
- \*\*\*\*\* Identify the people who are important to them and the relationships that exist between them, along with the roles that family and friends have when caring for each other
  - Explore their feelings in the context of their important relationships, including family and friends

### Term 2:

\* Pillar – Cultural Studies

Unit – CUS1 – Discovering UAE heritage through story telling

### **Unit description**

This unit introduces students to various forms of storytelling as a means of transmitting a community's history. This is a first step in furthering their knowledge and understanding of the UAE's heritage. The unit contributes to the development of students' self-\* confidence, creative imagination and self-expression, and to their ability to connect their \* own world with the 'world of the other'.

### \*\* Learning outcomes

Students will be able to do the following by the end of this unit:

- Distinguish some different forms of traditional storytelling
- Talk about the various entertainment and functional purposes of storytelling
- Evidence some understanding of the significance of the way in which the stories that \*are handed down from generation to generation inform our knowledge of the past

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- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*
  - Create and exchange stories about the self and family
  - Show an emerging awareness and value of shared and national identities
    - Show appreciation of others stories
  - Pillar Character and Morality
- ¾ Unit CM2 Caring, Honesty

### Unit description

This unit aims to introduce Grade 1 students to the values of caring and honesty, requiring them to reflect on their own behaviour towards, and appreciation of, their friends, family and school environment.

### Learning outcomes

Students will be able to do the following by the end of this unit:

- Understand what caring means and that it can take many different forms
- Describe how they care for themselves and are independent
- \*\*\*\*\*\*\* Demonstrate the ways in which they care for others, focusing on friends and family
  - Explain how they can care for the school environment
  - Explain the difference between honesty and dishonesty.
  - Use a wide range of vocabulary to express their feelings objectively, without blaming others and without hurting someone else's feelings.



### <u>Term 3:</u>

\*\* Pillar – The Individual and the Community

★ Unit – IC2 – Friendship

### Unit description

\*This unit deals with friendships from a cognitive perspective so that students may \*

\* understand what being a friend entails, why it is important, how friendships can develop

\* between different types of people, and that good friendships can last a lifetime.

### Learning outcomes

Students will be able to do the following by the end of this unit:







- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*
  - Explain what friendship is and why maintaining good friendships is important, knowing that friends can have different backgrounds, opinions and interests
  - Confidently make new friends and treat their friends well and with respect through behaviour that shows care, empathy, acceptance and support in different situations, including the use of problem solving to resolve conflict and deal with difficult situations
  - Identify in what ways people in the local community might be different from each other, accepting these differences, adapting behaviour to interact effectively, and being willing to discover new people and cultures
  - Show respect for a range of people and roles and understand that certain situations and objects also require respectful behaviour.

Pillar - Cultural Studies

Unit – CUS2 – Intangible heritage

### Unit description

In this unit students will be helped to understand that traditional culture is transmitted in more than one way. They will move from considering the ways in which heritage and culture are passed down orally via storytelling, to working with examples of traditional activities, skills and customs which transmit the 'intangible' or 'non-touchable' heritage.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

### Learning outcomes

Students will be able to do the following by the end of this unit:

- Explain the distinction between 'tangible' and 'intangible' heritages
- Discuss and/or write about examples of intangible heritage in the UAE

\* Personal, Social, Health, Citizenship and Economic/ Enterprise Education

\* (P.S.H.C.E.E) Social and emotional aspects of learning (S.E.A.L.)

### Change your Words... Change your

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### <u>**\*** ★ Term 1:</u>

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- New beginnings building a community (a learning classroom) includes the class charter, exploring feelings, calming down, welcoming others, what if there is a problem, the flag challenge, the new world challenge
- Citizenship/Taking part developing skills of communication and participation – Developing our communication skills, working together, making choices
- Getting on and falling out friendship and compliments, seeing another point of view, managing anger, working together
- Friendship- web, teasing and bullying, portraits, cultural diversity, friends go on an adventure
- Dreams and Aspirations to set a goal and break
   it down into small steps and to recognize when I





am becoming bored or frustrated

- Say no to bullying focus on those who are bullied knowing what to do (getting it), what is bullying, similarities and differences between us, proud to be different, feelings of a bullied child, being kind to them, when you feel sad it affects the way you behave and how you think, who to talk to in and out of school if you are feeling unhappy or being bullied, what to do if you are bullied.
- Rights and Responsibilities understand rights and identify rights that all people share and also understand for every right that person has they have an equally important responsibility.
- Think Positive understand how happy thoughts can make us feel better.

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- Going for goals knowing how I learn best, you can't eat an elephant all in one bite (break a goal down into small steps), persistence, putting it all together
- Growth mindset to explain how to be perfect. Growth mindset helps in coming out of the obstacles on the path of success to achieve their goal.

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- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*
  - Healthy Lifestyles cleanliness and personal hygiene, understanding sickness and diseases
  - People who help us the local police Who can help us in our community? How can we help to keep our locality and ourselves safe?
  - Good to be me feeling good about myself, relaxed, relaxing, assertiveness, impulsive behaviour (Daphne Dinosaur and Olive Owl)



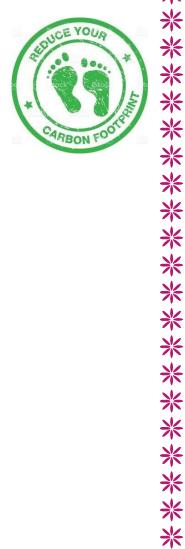
- Financial capability Looking after my money Managing money, personal spending
- Community and diversity the family, family passport preparing a meal, contributing, journeys around the world, an ideal community, local schools, packing a bag

### <u> Term 3:</u>

Relationships – understanding our feelings - loved, cared for, leaving home, important people and things, feeling lonely and feeling included

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- Right and wrong selfishness, stealing, telling lies, truthfulness
- The environment Then and now, environmental problems, reduce, reuse and recycle.
- Changes changing our behaviour, changing our habits, changing class behaviour and problem solving (naughty Nigel).
- Carbon footprint- how we create it and how we can reduce the size of our carbon foot print



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### \* Music

Pupils will be taught to sing and play musically. They will develop confidence as a stepping stone in exploring music further in the next Key

- use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes
- play tuned and untuned instruments musically
- listen with concentration and understanding to a range of highquality live and recorded music
- experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of Music

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### Physical Education

### Purpose of study

\*A high-quality physical education curriculum inspires all pupils to succeed and excel in \*A competitive sport and other physically-demanding activities. It will provide opportunities \*A for pupils to become physically confident in a way which supports their health and fitness. \*A Opportunities to compete in sport and other activities build character and help to embed \*A values such as fairness and respect.

### \* Aims

\*The National Curriculum for Physical Education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

### \* Attainment targets

By the end of each key stage, pupils are expected to know, apply and understand the matters, skills and processes specified in the relevant programme of study.

### **\*** Subject content

Pupils will develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They will be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

### \*Pupils will be taught to:

- master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities
- participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending

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perform dances using simple movement patterns

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 米 \*

### **※ ★** Term 1:

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- **Gymnastics**
- Locomotor Skills
- **Sports Day Practice**

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- **Ball Activities**
- Kicking and Passing
- **Minor Games**

- Football
- **Board games**
- **Sports Quiz**



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### **\*\* Sample Question Paper**

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### FINALTERM ASSESSMENT SAMPLE QUESTIONS ENGLISH

### Billy's Sunflower

By Nicola Moon

Billy had a beautiful sunflower that he'd grown from a seed.

It was taller than Billy. It was taller than his big sister Laura. It was taller than his mum. It was even taller than his dad.



Every day Billy looked at its bright green leaves. Every day he admired its golden yellow petals. Every day he looked up at its tall straight stem.

"My flower is as tall as the sky," he told his friends.

### **Practice questions**

Α	What did Billy grow from a seed?
	a daisy a rose
	a sunflower a buttercup
В	How tall was Billy's sunflower?
	***************************************
C	Who else was in the story with Billy?
	Tick 3
	Ben Mum
	Laura Dan
	Dad Louise

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### So Many Sunflowers!

In the story, Billy had fun growing a sunflower in his garden.

Now you are going to read two sets of information. First you will read about an artist called Vincent Van Gogh who was famous for his pictures of sunflowers. Then you will find some instructions about how to make a paper sunflower.



### **Practice questions**

A What is the name of the artist you will read about?

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

- B What are the instructions for?
  - making a paper sunflower
- making a newspaper
- making a cake
- making a paper poppy

**MATHEMATICS** 

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Here are two cards.

1





Choose a card to make each calculation correct.

One is done for you.

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2

Complete the number sentences.

One is done for you.

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of  $\boxed{8} = 4$ 

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of  $= 3$ 

3 Ben has **five** marbles.



Kemi has seven times that number.

How many marbles does Kemi have?

marbles

### **SCIENCE**

- 1. Fill in the blanks.
  - a) Food chain represents flow of \_

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

	•		plants and animals li	ve.	
c) Prey is the food for					
b) A habitat is a place where plants and animote c) Prey is the food for d) Plants in the can store water in the e) Fish have to breathe in water.				eir stems.	
e) Fish have to breathe in water.					
. Draw a	nd label 4 differ	ent objects accor	if it is natural or man-ma		
објест	which is shiny a	na transparent.			
S.no.	Type of C	hiny ural or	Transparant	an object	
		miny made	Transparent		
a)	wood				
b)	plastic				
c)	metal				
d)	glass				
e)	wool				
				)	
		\			
		$\rightarrow$			
<b>A</b> - •			ame size from different r y. Here are her results	naterials, then	
	mem in water ar		/		

