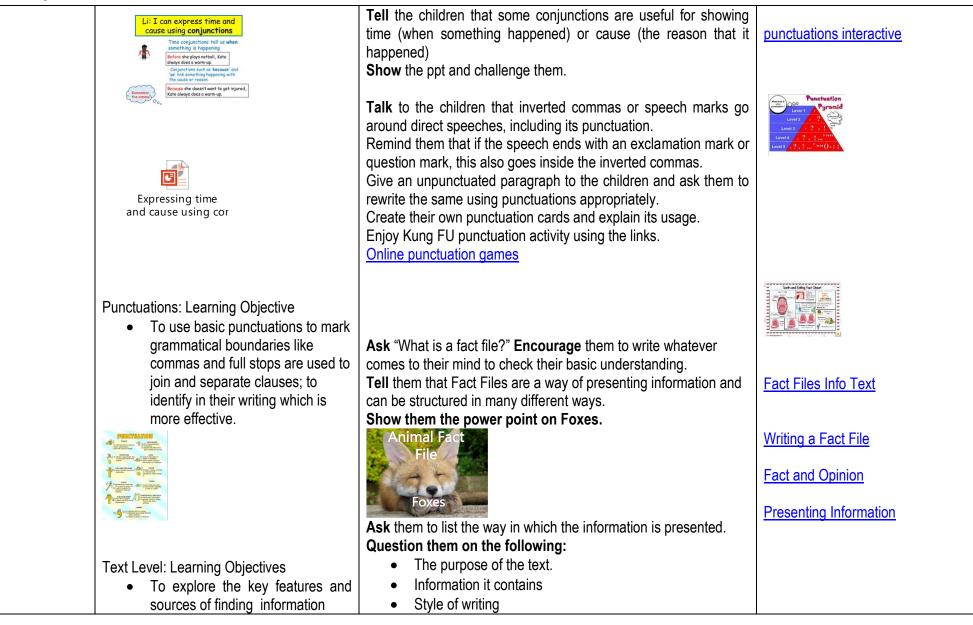




<u>Area of</u> learning	Focus	Home activities/How can you help your child at home	<u>Useful website</u>
Literacy	Link to Education: Equality: Am I a fair person? What does it mean to treat people equally?	<ul> <li>Discuss with your children about the importance of being fair.</li> <li>Show them scenarios where they can choose between being fair or unfair.</li> <li>Remind them that it is very important to inculcate and follow moral values as they are strong pillars in building up character.</li> </ul>	<u>Best Moral Stories</u>
	<ul> <li>Fact Files: Finding Information</li> <li>Spelling: Learning Objective <ul> <li>To spell words with the prefixes:</li> <li>in-, il-, ir- im-</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use words with endings that sound like /ʒən/</li> </ul>	Discuss: The prefix <b>in</b> means <b>not</b> . When you add <b>in</b> to a root word, you do not change the spelling. Example correct = incorrect. <b>Look</b> for the rules for these prefixes and <b>create</b> a list of words beginning with them <b>Talk</b> to them about the different ways to spell the words with endings that sound like /ʒən/ -tion, -sion, -sion, -cian Challenge them to create a list of words with endings that sound like /ʒən/ <b>Remind</b> the children that a paragraph is a group of sentences	prefix Africa paragraph work.docx paragraph hamburger Random Wheels Fronted Adverbials punctuation
	<ul> <li>Grammar: Learning Objective</li> <li>To organize ideas into paragraphs.</li> <li>To use fronted adverbials.</li> <li>To use conjunctions to show time and cause</li> </ul>	about one idea or topic. Ask them to look at the paragraphs in 'Breath' and to try and summarise the key idea of each paragraph in one or two sentences, looking particularly at the subheadings and the first sentence in each paragrapgh. Display the fronted adverbials. Ask children to create three sentences that could be used in their fact files. Surprisingly, Unusually, Amazingly.	Conjunction Wheel











<ul> <li>To explore the different ways in which authors can present formal informational writing.</li> <li>To plan an information text- fact file, leaflet , booklet</li> <li>To convey information using different forms narrative and non-narrative</li> <li>To discuss the purpose of the text and retrieve information.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lay out features</li> <li>Difference between Facts and Opinions</li> <li>Tell them that they are going to create their own Fact File on given topics choosing an appropriate style : personal and impersonal</li> <li>Encourage them to Create their own Fact File doing some research work on the following topics:         <ul> <li>Fidget Spinners</li> <li>Arabian Oryx</li> <li>UAE Culture and Tradition</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<text></text>
<image/> <section-header><section-header></section-header></section-header>	<ul> <li>Discuss the adverts that your ward enjoys watching. Cut out advertisements from newspapers or magazines and discuss the use of colours, font, pictures etc in them.</li> <li>STEAM integrated activity: https://www.mrbreakfast.com/box1.asp</li> <li>Design your own cereal box online.</li> <li>Talk about any advertisement, which persuaded you or your child to buy something and discuss why.</li> <li>Encourage your child to become aware of persuasive language used in advertisements, which can sometimes be misleading.</li> <li>Be an ad detective: Share with the child your favourite advertisement and what you like in it (The jingles, pictures, layout, words or pictures, which touch upon your sentiments, humour). Similarly ask your child to evaluate his / her favourite advertisement too.</li> <li>Sit together to design an advertisement for a product of your choice.</li> <li>Create a list of powerful verbs, example: persuade, convince, hook, promise etc.,</li> </ul>	Advertisements They contain a mix of facts and persuasive and the source of the positive and ignore the negative. They use exaggerated language, full of adjectives and adverbs to paint an appealing picture. They start sentences with the imperative. They use memorable images and slogans. The use memorable images and slogans. They heir product.





	<ul> <li>To identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning of the text.</li> <li>To evaluate the purpose of advertisement.</li> <li>To design an advertisement.</li> </ul>		
Numeracy	• To estimate, measure and compare weights using standard metric measure - kilograms and grams.	Talk to the children about weight of an object and that it isrecorded as grams and kilograms in the metric system.	<u>Measures</u>
	<ul> <li>To read and interpret intervals and divisions of different scales - kilograms and grams.</li> </ul>	Share your experience in the supermarket with your child. Look at the weight of a pack of biscuits or cookies. Encourage your child to estimate the weight of different items. Estimate-how much will a bag of 6 apples, 10 oranges or 12 bananas weigh? Let them check for the exact weight. Ask them to read the weighing scale. Similarly hide the weight shown on sugar/ flour/ washing powder carton. Can they guess the weight? Let them compare the weights of two or more items.	<u>Measurement relating metric</u> <u>units</u>
	•To solve word problems involving– measure (weight).	Kieron has three cats of different weights. The first and second weigh 7kg altogether.	<u>Word-problem on measuring</u> <u>mass</u>
		The second and third weigh 8kg altogether. The first and third weigh 11kg altogether.	I-Pad applications: Reading Scales





		What is the weight of each cat?	
	kilogram kg 1 kilogram 1 kilogram 1 kilogram = 1000 grams 1 kilogram = 1000 grams 1 kilogram 1		
Science	<ul> <li>States of Matter</li> <li>To explore the properties and compare the arrangements of particles of 3 states of matter.</li> <li>Link to moral education:</li> <li>Unit 2: Me and my world</li> <li>2.1: My place in the world</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Talk about the 3 states of matter (solid, liquid and gas) and their properties.</li> <li>Share about how these properties can be investigated. E.g.: Pouring water into different containers to see it acquires their shape. Spraying perfume in one corner of the room to see that it spreads in the whole room.</li> <li>Encourage them to initiate a few enquires on the properties of matter.</li> <li>E.g.: 'Why is sand a solid, when it flows like a liquid?'</li> </ul>	Solid, liquid and gas States of matter
	• To recognize that matter changes from one form to another which can be reversed.	<b>Talk</b> about how heat can affect different states of matter thus causing change in their physical properties. <b>Share</b> real life examples about the effect of heat on solids, liquids and gas. E.g. Ice (solid) melts when heated to form water (liquid)	<u>Changes in states of matter</u> <u>Changes in states of matter 2</u>





* *			
	<ul> <li>To study the behaviour of different types of solids and liquids in water.</li> <li>To explore the factors which affect the rate of evaporation of water.</li> <li>To explore the relationship between and the rate of the rate of the relationship between and the rate of the ra</li></ul>	and vice versa. Mixture of milk and sugar is frozen to make ice- cream. <b>Encourage</b> them to read and find information on Melting, Freezing, Boiling and Condensation. Also factors that affect Evaporation.	Dissolving experiment Soluble and insoluble materials Surface area and evaporation
	surface area/heat and the rate of evaporation of water	Talk about different solids that dissolve and do not dissolve in water.Share real life examples E.g.: Sugar dissolves in water. Sand does not dissolve in water.Encourage them to explore about how different factors affect rate of dissolving.	Factors affecting evaporation
		<ul><li>Talk about the various factors that affect the rate at which a liquid evaporates. E.g.: surface area, wind, heat.</li><li>Share about how these properties can be investigated. E.g.: Why do clothes dry faster when it is windy, or how clothes kept in shade take longer to dry then those exposed to the Sun.</li></ul>	





Humanities Europe	<ol> <li>Physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes earthquakes and the water cycle in the Alpine Mountain region of Europe.</li> <li>Human geography, Including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water in the Alpine Mountain region of Europe.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Talk and share of what they think the weather on Europe may be like and what kind of vegetation would there be according to the climatic conditions?</li> <li>Share with children a range of brochures advertising holidays to identify how weather conditions can enhance or detract from tourism.</li> </ul>	Holiday weather Climate of Europe Europe settlement
UAE Sst.	<ol> <li>Maps of Climatic Zones</li> <li>Physical Features: Landforms</li> <li>Physical Features: Bodies of Water</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Talk and share of what information they can get from Maps of Climatic Zones.</li> <li>Share with children What different kinds of Physical features are in the form of Landforms and waterbodies</li> </ul>	<u>Types of maps</u> <u>Landform</u> <u>Body of water</u>

Arabic for	معطفي القرمزي :	* مساعدته في جمع شواهد عن الجملة الفعلية .	
Arabs	أن يحدد التلميذ الفكرة الرئيسة والأدلة الداعمة لها	* استخدام بعض الألعاب التعليمية للمساعدة على فهم الجملة الفعلية .	
		* مساعدته في كيفية الإلقاء	
	أن يحلل التلميذ بنية النصوص الأدبية وعناصر ها	* تشجيعه على التعبير عن أحلامه.	الجملة الفعلية
	الفنية .	* مساعدته في التمييز بين النصوص الأدبية .	منصبة أقرأ بالعربية
	أن يميز التلميذ بين الحوار الداخلي والخارجي .	·      يمكن لولي الأمر الدخول من خلال الرابط المرفق لموقع قناة اللغة	قناة اللغة العربية والتربية الإسلامية بمدرسة
	أن يقارن التلميذ بين حكايات من ثقافات مختلفة.	العربية وألتربية الإسلامية الخاص بمدرسة ونشستر ومتآبعة التسجيلات	ونشستر
	*الجملة الفعلية :	الخاصنة بالدروس ومشاركتها مع التلميذ وتدوين ما تعلمه في دفتره	
		المدر سي.	





7 T	أن يحدد التلميذ أركان الجملة الفعلية .		
	أن يضبط التلميذ أركان الجملة الفعلية		
	أن يوظف التلميذ الجملة الفعلية .		
	* فكرة تبذر الحلم :		
	أن يحدد التلميذ الفكرة الرئيسة والأفكار الداعمة .		
	أن يوضح التلميذ المعنى العام للنص .		
	أن يحدد التلميذ نوع النص الأدبي .		
	* مقلاتي صغيرة:		
	أن يحدد التلميذ الفكرة الرئيسة والأفكار الداعمة		
	أن يحلل التلميذ النصوص الأدبية ، وعناصر ها الننية		
	الفنية . أن يفاضل التلميذ بين جملتين بناءً على إيحاءات		
	ال يفاضل السميد بين جمسين بت على إيكاءات الألفاظ .		
	The transportation		
Arabic for	To distinguish between the 1 .transportations.	In every new lesson, we provide new words with its meanings. Help your child to memorize them and using them in sentences on his/her own.	LEARN ARABIC VERBS AND
Non Arabs	To describe the transportations using the 2 .new vocabulary.	<ul> <li>Help your child to link between the picture and the word.</li> <li>Ask your child to draw the transportations and describe</li> </ul>	ADJECTIVES THE TRANSPORTATIONS IN
	To compare between the different 3.transportations.	<ul> <li>them.</li> <li>Ask your child to speak about his- her favourite transportation.</li> </ul>	ARABIC Places in Dubai
	4- To create a paragraph about the transportations.	- <b>Go</b> through the links on the Arabic YouTube channel so that you can help your child learn more at home about the topic.	I Read Arabic Arabic and Islamic YouTube Channel
	5- To express his opinion about the transportations.		



# The Winchester School

Year 4 Family Learning News Letter – March, 2020



<u> </u>			
Islamic for Arabs	أخلاق المتقين أن يدلل التلميذ على أخلاق المتقين. أن يستنتج التلميذ معنى التقوى. حمد الله على نعمه أن يستنتج التلميذ فضل حمد الله وشكره أن يعدد التلميذ نعم الله على المسلم أن يوضح التلميذ المعنى الإجمالي للسورة أن يوضح التلميذ آداب التلاوة أن يوضح التلميذ صور صبر النبي صلى الله عليه وسلم.	يساعد ولي الأمر التلميذ في - تعلم أحكام التجويد . - حث التلميذ على حفظ وتلاوة السورة . - التزام صفات المؤمن قولًا وفعلًا . - حثه على شكر الله دائما - مشاركة مواقف عن الصبر واستنتاج العبر منها . - يمكن لولي الأمر الدخول من خلال الرابط المرفق لموقع قناة اللغة العربية والتربية الإسلامية الخاص بمدرسة ونشستر ومتابعة التسجيلات الخاصة بالدروس ومشاركتها مع التلميذ وتدوين ما تعلمه في دفتره المدرسي.	سورة الغاشية <u>أخلاق المتقين</u> <u>الصبر</u> <u>حمد الله</u> <u>قناة اللغة العربية و التريية الإسلامية بمدرسة</u> <u>ونشستر</u>
Islamic for Non Arabs	<ul> <li>أن يستنتج التلميذ فضل الصبر.</li> <li>Good treatment.</li> <li>To infer the good manners in treatment of other.</li> <li>To explain how to respect the elderly and treat of the weak kindly.</li> <li>To explain the status of manners in Islam.</li> <li>Congregational prayer (Salatul-Jama'ah)</li> <li>To differentiate between Salatul-jamaaha, and Salatul-Fard.</li> <li>To explain the importance of praying in Jama'ah.</li> <li>Those among you with the best manners.</li> <li>To conclude the manners of Prophet Mohamed (P-B-U-H) through the honorable Hadith.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recite with your childe the verses correctly and properly using the given link.</li> <li>Share with your child the general meaning of the verses.</li> <li>Talk with your child about the importance of having good manners in Islam.</li> <li>Share your child the honorable Hadith and conclude the manners of Prophet Mohamed (P-B-U-H).</li> <li>Ask your child to apply the manners of our beloved Prophet in his daily life.</li> <li>Encourage your child to color monthly prayer chart and answers in book ISLAM MY WAY OF LIVING as per the topic he studies.</li> <li>Go through the links on the Arabic and Islamic YouTube channel so that you can help your child learn more at home about the topic</li> </ul>	Surat Al-A'la (The Most High) <u>10 manners of prophet Muhammad</u> <u>(SAW)</u> <u>The manners Of Prophet Muhammad</u> <u>The Honour Of Prophet Muhammad</u> <u>(saw)- Character and Manners</u> <u>Arabic and Islamic YouTube Channel</u>





	<ul> <li>To identify some of the manners of Prophet (P-B-U-H) in order to follow them.</li> <li>-</li> </ul>		
French Les animaux et les opinions	-To describe the animals using colors, numbers -To compose paragragh about animals using opinions - To recognise the numbers up to 20.	<ul> <li>Talk : Practice &amp; encourage the child to pronounce the words with the correct gender.</li> <li>Share: Use Mon,Ma (my) with the animals in french.</li> <li>Qu'est-ce que c'est? - C'est monchien. You can even draw them with speech bubbles.</li> <li>Write the color according with the gender.</li> <li>Use the opinions with animals :</li> <li>J'aime/</li> <li>Je n'aime pas</li> </ul> Encourage: To develop the listening, speaking and written skills and praise the effort.	Names of animals Knowing Animals The animals Its animaux.mp4